UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF CONNECTICUT

STATE EMPLOYEES BARGAINING AGENT

COALITION, et al,

:

PLAINTIFFS,

•

V. : NO. 3:03 CV 221 (AVC)

:

JOHN G. ROWLAND, et al

.

DEFENDANTS. : AUGUST 1, 2015

NOTICE OF PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

If you were an employee of the State of Connecticut as of November 17, 2002 and were a member of a bargaining unit designated as an exclusive bargaining representative pursuant to the State Employee Collective Bargaining Act

YOU COULD GET A PAYMENT FROM A PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

A federal court authorized this notice. It is not a solicitation from a lawyer. You are <u>not</u> being sued.

- A Class Action Lawsuit (the "Lawsuit") on behalf of individuals who were employees of the State of Connecticut as of November 17, 2002 and were members of a bargaining unit designated as an exclusive bargaining representative pursuant to the State Employee Collective Bargaining Act ("Settlement Class Members") has been pending in the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut. That Lawsuit claims that the State of Connecticut and its then-Governor and Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management (the "Defendants") took improper adverse employment action against State of Connecticut union employees in retaliation for their and their unions' exercise of their constitutionally protected freedoms of speech and association.
- This Notice is to inform you that the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut (the "Court") has preliminarily approved a proposed settlement of the Lawsuit (the "Proposed Settlement") which provides payments to eligible employees for economic and non-economic losses sustained as a result of those actions by the Defendants.

- This Proposed Settlement, if approved, will affect you. If the Proposed Settlement is approved and you do not exclude yourself from this class action, you will receive a sum of money and/or, if you are still employed by the State of Connecticut, additional vacation and/or personal time credit. You do not have to do anything at this time to receive such benefits.
- You do, however, have different rights and options under the Proposed Settlement.

YOUR RIGHTS AND OPTIONS – AND THE DEADLINES TO EXERCISE THEM – ARE EXPLAINED IN THIS NOTICE. PLEASE READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS PROPOSED SETTLEMENT

You May:	Result	Deadline
Do Nothing		
No action is necessary now to receive payment	You are eligible to receive a payment under the Proposed Settlement	N/A
Object to the Settlement	Write to the Court about what you do not like about the Proposed Settlement. You must be in the Settlement Class to object.	Postmarked on or before September 14, 2015
Go to a Hearing	Ask to speak in Court about the fairness of the Proposed Settlement. You must be in the Settlement Class to appear in Court	Postmarked on or before September 14, 2015
Opt-Out	Elect not to participate in the Proposed Settlement. Complete an Opt-Out Form to Opt-Out and preserve whatever rights you may have to pursue individual claims against Defendants	Postmarked on or before September 14, 2015

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BASIC INFORMATION

1. Why did I get this Notice?

You received this Notice because the Defendants' records indicate that you may be a Settlement Class Member. If you are a Settlement Class Member, you will be entitled to benefits under this Settlement unless you exclude yourself.

The Court said that you should be sent this Notice because you have the right to know about this class action lawsuit and how it may affect you. The Court has not approved the Proposed Settlement yet. If the Court approves the Proposed Settlement and resolves any objections or appeals, an administrator (the "Claims Administrator") will ensure benefits to Settlement Class Members

2. Why is this Lawsuit a class action?

In a class action, one or more persons called "Class Representatives" sue on behalf of other persons with similar claims. The Class Representatives and the persons on whose behalf they have sued are together a "Class" or "Class Members." They are also called the Plaintiffs.

The entities that have been sued are called the Defendants. In this case, the Defendants are the State of Connecticut and its former Governor and Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management.

In a class action lawsuit, one court resolves the issues for everyone in the Class.

The Court has decided that this lawsuit can be a class action because it meets the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, which governs class actions in federal courts. Specifically, the Court has found that:

- There are likely thousands of members of the Class with common legal or factual issues relating to the claims in this case.
- The claims of the Class Representatives are typical of the claims of the rest of the Class.
- The Class Representatives and the lawyers representing the Class will fairly and adequately protect the Class's interests.

• The common legal questions and facts are more important than questions affecting only individual members of the Class, and this class action will be more efficient than individual lawsuits.

The class action is known as *State Employees Bargaining Agent Coalition, et al. v. John G. Rowland, et al.*, Civ. No. 3:03-cv-221 (AVC). Judge Alfred V. Covello of the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut is overseeing this class action.

3. What is this Lawsuit about?

The lawsuit alleges that Defendants violated the Class Members' federal constitutional rights to freedom of speech, freedom of association, and rights guaranteed by Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51q by ordering the terminations of over 3,000 union members in retaliation for the unions' refusal to forego certain statutorily protected contract rights.

4. Why is there a Proposed Settlement?

In May 2013, after extensive litigation and appeals, the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit issued a decision concluding that Plaintiffs had "made out a claim that Defendants violated their First Amendment rights to freedom of association by targeting union employees for firing based on their union membership" and instructed the United Stated District Court for the District of Connecticut to grant judgment to Plaintiffs on their First Amendment claim and to craft appropriate relief. The Defendants filed a petition for further review in the United States Supreme Court but withdrew the petition in order to pursue settlement discussions.

Both sides agreed to settle the Lawsuit in order to avoid the risk, delay and expense of continuing the litigation. This way, if the Proposed Settlement is finally approved by the Court, Settlement Class Members will be eligible to receive compensation without a trial.

The Class Representatives, on their own behalf and on behalf of all Settlement Class Members, have entered into a Proposed Settlement with the Defendants. The Court has preliminarily approved this Proposed Settlement. The Class Representatives and Class Counsel think the Proposed Settlement is best for all Settlement Class Members. This Notice summarizes the terms of the Proposed Settlement, your rights and obligations under the Proposed Settlement, and the process by which the Court will determine whether or not to finally approve the Proposed Settlement.

5. What does it mean if I am a Settlement Class Member?

If you are a Settlement Class Member, the decisions made by the Court in this Lawsuit will apply to you. If the Court approves the Proposed Settlement, you cannot sue any of the Defendants (or other entities covered by the Release of Claims) on your own for the claims in this Lawsuit and/or the Released Claims (defined below). It also means that you will be eligible for a payment and/or award of vacation and/or personal time credit under the Proposed Settlement.

6. <u>Can I file my own lawsuit or demand?</u>

No, unless you exclude yourself from this Lawsuit (discussed in Questions 16-18 below).

WHO IS COVERED BY THE PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT?

7. <u>Am I part of the Settlement Class?</u>

IMPORTANT:

The Court's definition of the Class controls whether or not you are a Settlement Class Member. You are a Settlement Class Member and eligible for a Settlement Payment if one of the following situations applies to you:

- (a) You were an employee of the State of Connecticut as of November 17, 2002 and were a member of a State-recognized union and you were laid-off from state service for any length of time as a result of the lay-offs ordered by then-Governor Rowland in 2002 and 2003;
- (b) You were an employee of the State of Connecticut as of November 17, 2002 and were a member of a State-recognized union and you were bumped or demoted to different positions as a result of the lay-offs ordered by then-Governor Rowland in 2002 and 2003;
- (c) You were an employee of the State of Connecticut as of November 17, 2002 under a working test period or training program, or you were appointed to a durational position for six months or more, and you were designated for membership in a bargaining unit upon successful completion of the requirements of such working test period, training program or provisional appointment, and your State employment was terminated or you were demoted as a result of the lay-offs ordered by then-Governor Rowland in 2002 and 2003;
- (d) You were an employee of the State of Connecticut as of November 17, 2002 and were a member of a State-recognized union, you elected retirement in response to the

terminations alleged in the Amended Complaint, and you had no option for a lateral transfer or faced bumping to a lesser paying position; or

(e) You were an employee of the State of Connecticut as of November 17, 2002 and were a member of a State-recognized union and, although your State employment was not otherwise changed, you were chilled in the exercise of their union rights as a result of the lay-offs ordered by then-Governor Rowland in 2002 and 2003.

THE CLAIMS DISTRIBUTION PROCESS

8. What does the Proposed Settlement provide / How much will my payment be?

Under the terms of the Proposed Settlement, the State of Connecticut will provide benefits to Class Members for Economic Damages and for Emotional Distress based on whether the individual Class Member sustained actual economic loss as a result of the layoffs (or layoff orders).

A. <u>Economic Damages</u>:

Each class member who sustained an actual economic loss as a result of being laid-off, demoted or transferred will be entitled to receive a sum to compensate for that economic loss as follows:

Gross economic loss

less: mitigation or replacement earnings

less: 30% settlement discount

plus: prejudgment interest calculated from the date of loss to the date of payment

at a rate of 5% per year.

Gross economic loss includes, where applicable, lost wages, lost pension benefits and lost health insurance or damages resulting from loss of health insurance coverage.

Mitigation earnings includes any unemployment compensation benefits received or earnings from alternative employment which you had during the lay-off period.

Economic damages awards will be paid for Class Members still employed in the State's work force, at the State's option, either directly by check or in the form of an award of vacation pay and, in either case, will be paid out in equal yearly installments over four years. For Class Members who are no longer employed in the State's work force (or who do not receive vacation

pay as an element of their annual compensation), economic damage awards will be paid in equal yearly installments over four years.

B. Emotional Distress and Punitive Damages

Under the terms of the Proposed Settlement, each Class Member is also entitled to receive a benefit for emotional distress and punitive damages, based on whether the Class Member was laid-off, bumped or transferred, or not otherwise affected in his or her employment, as follows:

- 1. Each Class Member who was laid off as a result of the layoff orders shall, if the Class Member is still employed by the State, receive an award of ten vacation days and five personal leave days. Any eligible Class Member no longer employed by the State will receive an award of \$1,500.00 to be paid in two equal yearly installments.
- 2. Each Class Member who was demoted to a lower paying job shall, if the Class Member is still employed by the State, receive an award of four vacation days and three personal leave days. Any eligible Class Member no longer employed by the State will receive an award of \$700.00 to be paid in two equal yearly installments.
- 3. Any other Class Member who does not meet the requirements of sections 1 or 2 above shall, if the Class Member is still employed by the State, receive an award of 1.25 personal leave days. Any Class Member no longer employed by the State will receive an award of \$100.00 payable within 30 days after the Court approves the Settlement.

9. What is the process for determining each Class Member's economic damages?

The Proposed Settlement creates a procedure for those Class Members who have suffered an actual loss as a result of having been laid off or demoted to a lesser paying position. Under the Proposed Settlement, the State will provide each Class Member with a statement setting forth the elements of each Class Member's net economic loss (including information about the Class Member's salary at the time of the lay-offs, any unemployment compensation received, and any adjustments to salary and pension calculations necessary to make the Class Member whole), and a proposal setting forth the amount the State offers to pay in economic damages pursuant to the Settlement.

If the Class Member agrees with the State's calculation, the Class Member will receive that amount under the payout terms set forth in Response No. 8, above.

If the Class Member disagrees with the State's calculation, the Class Member can make a counter-offer containing the Class Member's calculation of what will make him or her whole. If

the State agrees with the Class Member's counter-offer, the Class Member will receive the amount of the counter-offer under the payout terms set forth in Response No. 8, above.

If the State disagrees with the counter-offer, the Class Member and the State have the right to submit their dispute to the neutral Claims Administrator for a determination of the appropriate award of economic damages. If the State and the Class Member agree to some but not all of the aspects of the economic damages award, they can agree to submit to the Claims Administrator only those issues on which there is disagreement. Any award by the Claims Administrator is then paid out to the Class Member under the payout terms set forth in Response No. 8 above. In some circumstances, the parties also have the right to seek review of the Claims Administrator's determination by a three-member Claims Appeal Panel.

10. Will the Proposed Settlement affect my earnings if I am still employed by the State?

Potentially, yes. Even if you were restored to your old job after a layoff, if you missed a salary or longevity adjustment while laid off, you may be entitled to a salary adjustment, damages in lieu of such an adjustment, or, depending on where you are in your career, a pension adjustment. Likewise, if you were bumped and demoted as a result of the layoffs, you may also be entitled to seek reinstatement to your old position or, in lieu of such reinstatement, to obtain a salary adjustment, damages in lieu of such an adjustment, or, depending on where you are in your career, a pension adjustment.

11. Will the Proposed Settlement affect my pension if I am now retired from State employment?

Potentially, yes. Even if you were restored to your old job after a layoff, if you missed any salary or longevity adjustments while laid off which might have affected the calculation of your pension benefit, you may be entitled to a pension adjustment. Likewise, if you were bumped and demoted as a result of the lay-offs, you may also be entitled to seek an adjustment to your pension to the level you would have earned had you not suffered any such change in your employment as a result of the layoffs.

12. <u>I elected retirement as a result of the layoffs, am I eligible for economic damages?</u>

Potentially, yes. You may be entitled to economic damages if you can demonstrate that you retired because you received a lay-off notice and had no option for a lateral transfer OR you can demonstrate that you retired because you faced bumping to a lesser paying position as a result of a layoff notice to another class member.

13. When will I get my payment?

Payment is conditioned on several matters, including the Court's approval of the Proposed Settlement and such approval being final and no longer subject to any appeals to any court. Any appeal of the final approval could take several years. The Proposed Settlement may be terminated on several grounds, including if the Court does not approve or it changes the Settlement in material ways. If the Proposed Settlement is terminated, the Lawsuit will proceed as if the Proposed Settlement had not been reached.

RELEASE OF RIGHTS AND DISMISSAL OF THE LAWSUIT

14. What am I giving up if the Settlement is approved and I do not exclude myself from this Lawsuit?

If the Proposed Settlement is approved, the Lawsuit will be dismissed with prejudice. This means that the Lawsuit cannot be re-filed. As a result, all Class Members give up all the claims covered in this Lawsuit and Settlement against the Defendants. This means you are releasing the Defendants (or other entities covered by the Release of Claims), and you will be bound by that release. You cannot sue any of the Defendants (or other entities covered by the Release of Claims) for the same claims.

This also means that your heirs, beneficiaries, agents or anyone who legally represents you, now or in the future, also give up their claims as covered in this Lawsuit and Settlement. They cannot sue any of the Defendants (or other entities covered by the Release of Claims) for these claims. If you are a Settlement Class Member you will be bound by the Proposed Settlement, including the Release and dismissal with prejudice.

<u>If you do nothing</u>, you will be deemed a Member of the Class and will have the right to participate in the Settlement but will give up the right to start your own lawsuit. If you want to pursue your own claims outside of this Settlement, you must exclude yourself from the class as discussed in questions 16-18 below).

OBJECTING TO THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT

15. How do I object to the Proposed Settlement?

As a Settlement Class Member, you may object to any aspect of the Proposed Settlement, including:

- Final certification of the Settlement Class
- The fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of the Proposed Settlement
- The adequacy of the representation by the Class Representatives or by Class Counsel
- The awards to the Class Representatives

Your objection must be in writing and must include:

- 1. The name of the case: "State Employees Bargaining Agent Coalition, et al. v. Rowland"
- 2. Your full name:
- 3. Your address and telephone number;
- 4. A statement of your objections), as well as the specific reasons for each objection, including any legal authority you wish to bring to the Court's attention;
- 5. A statement indicating if you intend to appear at the Fairness Hearing;
- 6. A list of witnesses whom you may call by live testimony; and
- 7. Copies of any documents or papers that you plan to submit.

Your objection must be sent by First-Class Mail, postage prepaid, and be postmarked no later than September 14, 2015. You must file your objection with the Court at the following address:

United States District Court for the District of Connecticut Clerk of Court 450 Main Street Hartford, CT 06103

You must also mail a copy of your objection to:

Class Counsel

Silver Golub & Teitell LLP 184 Atlantic Street Stamford, CT 06904

If you do not follow these procedures and submit your objection by the deadline, the Court may decline to hear your objection.

EXCLUDING YOURSELF FROM THE CLASS

16. Why would I ask to be excluded?

If you do not want to be bound by any judgment, whether favorable or unfavorable, that may be made in this case, do not want a payment from the Proposed Settlement, and you instead want to keep the right to sue the Defendants about the legal issues in this case, then you must take steps to exclude yourself from the class. This is sometimes referred to as "opting out" of the Class.

If you start your own lawsuit against the Defendants after you exclude yourself, you may want to hire your own lawyer for that lawsuit, and you'll have to prove your claims. If you do exclude yourself so you can start your own lawsuit against the Defendants, you should talk to a lawyer soon, because your claims may be subject to a statute of limitations.

17. How do I get out of the Class?

To exclude yourself from the Class, you must submit the attached Opt-Out Election Form to the address indicated on the form. Be sure to include your name, address, telephone number and your signature. Your Opt-Out Election Form must be postmarked on or before September 14, 2015.

The Court shall automatically grant all timely submitted Opt-Out Election Forms.

You cannot exclude yourself by telephone or by email.

If you ask to be excluded, you will not get any recovery from the Proposed Settlement. You will not be legally bound by anything that happens in the lawsuit, and you may be able to sue the Defendants in the future about the legal issues in this case, but you will be subject to any legal defenses that the Defendants may assert.

18. If I don't exclude myself, can I sue the Defendants for the same thing later?

No. Unless you exclude yourself, you give up any right to sue the Defendants for the claims presented in this lawsuit. Remember, the Opt-Out deadline is September 14, 2015.

THE LAWYERS REPRESENTING YOU - CLASS COUNSEL

19. Do I have lawyers in this Lawsuit?

Yes. The Court has appointed the following lawyers as "Class Counsel" to represent you and the other Settlement Class Members:

David S. Golub Jonathan M. Levine Silver Golub & Teitell LLP 184 Atlantic Street Stamford, CT 06904 (203) 325-4491 www.sgtlaw.com

20. How will the lawyers be paid?

At the Fairness Hearing (discussed in Questions 22-24 below), the Court will decide if it should approve the Proposed Settlement. It will also decide whether or not to approve Class Counsel's attorneys' fees and expenses. Under the Proposed Settlement, the State of Connecticut will pay Class Counsel attorneys' fees equal to 17.5% of the amount awarded to each class member in damages. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the State of Connecticut shall also pay Class Counsel \$400,000 in litigation expenses. Pursuant to the Proposed Settlement, no class member will be required to pay any attorneys' fees or costs of the Litigation.

Class Counsel will also ask the Court to approve payments of \$10,000 to each of the Class Representatives for their services.

These payments for Class Counsel and the Class Representatives, as approved by the Court, would be paid directly by the State of Connecticut. No Settlement Class Member will be asked to pay attorneys' fees or expenses out of pocket in connection with this Lawsuit and no award made to Class Members will be reduced by the amount of such fees and/or expenses.

The fees and payments will pay Class Counsel and the Class Representatives for investigating the facts and litigating the Lawsuit, negotiating the Proposed Settlement, and monitoring Class Members' rights during approval and administration of the Proposed Settlement. Defendants have agreed not to oppose these payments.

21. Should I get my own lawyer?

You do not need to hire your own lawyer because Class Counsel is working on your behalf. However, if you wish to do so, you may retain your own lawyer at your own expense.

THE COURT'S FAIRNESS HEARING

22. When and where will the Court decide whether to whether to approve the Proposed Settlement?

The Court will hold a Fairness Hearing at 1:00 p.m. on October 1, 2015 at the Abraham A. Ribicoff Federal Building, Courtroom #1, Annex, 450 Main Street in Hartford, Connecticut. At this hearing, the Court will consider: (1) whether the Proposed Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate and if it should be approved; (2) the proposed payments to Class Members; (3) Class Counsel's application for an award of attorneys' fees and expenses; and (4) any payments to the Class Representatives for their services. If there are objections, the Court will also consider them.

Persons who have followed the procedures described below in Questions 16 and 22 may appear and be heard by the Court. After the hearing, the Court will decide whether to approve the Proposed Settlement. It is not known how long these decisions will take.

23. **Do I have to come to the hearing?**

No. Class Counsel will answer any questions the Court may have. But, you are welcome to come at your own expense. If you send a timely and proper objection, the Court will consider it whether or not you attend the hearing. You may also pay your own lawyer to attend, but it is not required.

24. May I speak at the hearing? How do I appear in the Lawsuit?

You may ask the Court for permission to speak at the Fairness Hearing. To do so, you must notify the Court and Parties in writing. This is called a Notice of Intent to Appear. Your Notice of Intent to Appear must contain:

- 1. The name of the case:
- 2. The words, "Notice of Intent to Appear"
- 3. Your full name, address, telephone number, and signature; and
- 4. If an attorney will appear on your behalf, the attorney's name, address, telephone number, and bar number.

Your Notice of Intent to Appear must be sent by First-Class Mail, postage prepaid, and be postmarked no later than September 14, 2015. You must file your Notice of Intent to Appear by sending it to the addresses listed in Question 16 of this Notice.

You cannot speak at the hearing if you have submitted an Opt-Out Election Form and have excluded yourself from this Lawsuit.

WHAT IF I DO NOTHING

25. What happens If I do not do anything at all in response to this Notice?

If you do nothing in response to this Notice, then you are a Settlement Class Member, If the Proposed Settlement is approved, you will get money from the Proposed Settlement if you do nothing. You will also be bound by the Proposed Settlement, including the Release and dismissal with prejudice.

TAX CONSEQUENCES

26. Could there be tax consequences to the Proposed Settlement?

Because the payments represent employment-related damages, the State of Connecticut will withhold taxes and other usual and customary deductions from any payments based on your withholding election on file with the State. Awards in the form of vacation pay will not be subject to withholding until the class member is paid for any such vacation day award actually used.

The tax consequences of the Proposed Settlement may vary, depending upon your individual circumstances. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding any tax consequences of the Proposed Settlement. Class Counsel is not providing any tax advice to Settlement Class Members.

GETTING MORE INFORMATION

27. What if I have questions or want more information?

This notice summarizes the Proposed Settlement. The complete Settlement is set forth in the Settlement Agreement. You may obtain a copy of the Settlement Agreement and any other documents relating to the proposed Settlement by writing or calling Class Counsel at the contact information provided in Response 19 above, or by visiting the settlement website described below. A copy of the Settlement Agreement will also be posted on Class Counsel's website www.sgtlaw.com/class-action-sebac-v-john-g-rowland/ and on the website of each SEBAC union.

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE OR CALL THE COURT OR THE CLERK'S OFFICE FOR INFORMATION.

[AUGUST 1, 2015]

BY ORDER OF THE COURT

Clerk of the Court United States District Court District of Connecticut 450 Main Street Hartford,, Connecticut 06103